Singapore Samples

ensity can take diverse forms. Asst Prof **Erik G. L'Heureux** and his students at the Department of Architecture, School of Design and Environment, National University of Singapore, developed this set of five axonometric drawings comparing one-square-kilometre plots of five different neighbourhoods in Singapore. These range from highrise public housing in the Jurong West township to the spacious houses of the Bukit Timah suburb. In the Central Business District and Little India, modern high-rises stand alongside low-rise conserved buildings. Depending on a society's values, a dense city can still preserve its heritage or provide varied housing options for its people.

CBD

 Population

 238,442

 Total Open Space

 594,036 m²
 - 59%

 Footprint of Building

 405,964 m²
 - 41%

 Total Floor Area

 3,576,632 m²
 - 358%



Jurong West

Population 52,100 Total Open Space 741,842 m² - 74% Footprint of Building 258,158 m² - 26% Total Floor Area 3,815,780 m² - 380%



51

Tuas Industrial Estate

3,840 **Total Open Space** 6,798,550 m² - 70%

Population

Footprint of Building 300,145 m² - 30% **Total Floor Area** 450,000 m² - 45%





Little India

Population 11,595 Total Open Space 857,573 m² - 86% Footprint of Building 142,427 m² - 14% Total Floor Area 647,438 m² - 65%

Bukit Timah Road

$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Population} \\ 4,620 \\ \textbf{Total Open Space} \\ 774,264 \ m^2 & - \ 77\% \\ \textbf{Footprint of Building} \\ 225,736 \ m^2 & - \ 23\% \\ \textbf{Total Floor Area} \\ 564,340 \ m^2 & - \ 56\% \\ \end{array}$

